
EVALUATING THE PERFORMANCE OF ASSOCIATION RULES IN APRIORI AND FP-GROWTH ALGORITHMS: MARKET BASKET ANALYSIS TO DISCOVER RULES OF ITEM COMBINATIONS

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ABSTRACT

This study focuses on applying data mining techniques, especially association rules mining using the Apriori and FP-GROWTH algorithms, for market basket analysis on PT. XYZ is a pharmaceutical company in Indonesia. A quantitative methodology uses a dataset of 100,498 transactions originating from 432,356 rows of data covering July to December 2022 in the JABODETABEK area. Apriori and FP-GROWTH algorithms are applied for association rules mining. The results show that FP-GROWTH has the fastest execution time of 84,655 seconds. However, the memory usage for the Apriori algorithm is the lowest at 482.32 MiB, with increments of: 0.21 MiB. For the rules generated, the two algorithms, both Apriori and FP-GROWTH, produce the same number of rules and values of support, confidence, lift, Bi-Support, Bi-Confidence, and Bi-Lift. In conclusion, Apriori is recommended for sales datasets if memory usage and ease of implementation are important. However, if the speed of execution time and a large amount of data are considered, FP-GROWTH is a better choice because the execution time is faster for large amounts of data. However, the choice of algorithm depends on the specific analysis objectives, itemset size, data scale, and computational capabilities. Results from association rules mining provide evidence of product popularity, purchasing patterns, and opportunities for strategic marketing and inventory management. These findings can help PT. XYZ improve business efficiency, understand customer behavior, and increase profitability.

Keywords: market basket analysis, association rules, a priori, fp-growth.

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INTRODUCTION

The need to deeply understand customers to predict their desires has always been a major ambition for companies worldwide, especially those in the health sector (Sumarwan, 2014). This has become increasingly important in recent years due to the Covid-19 pandemic, resulting in increased competition and technological advances, which are now making this ambition more achievable (Diandra & Syahputra, 2021).

Consumer behavior is consumer activity in deciding to buy, use, and consume goods and services purchased, including customer factors that can lead to their decision whether to buy and use products (Sudirman et al., 2020). Every customer has different needs and tendencies and has different behavior in fulfilling these things (Daliyah, 2020). However, there are different behaviors to meet their needs. In that case, they still have some things in common, one of which is to maximize their satisfaction in consuming the required product or service.

In recent years, transaction data has been commonly used as an object of research and analysis for researchers (Kurniawan et al., 2018). This research focuses on a pharmaceutical company

in Indonesia, namely sales transaction data from the company to consumers, which must also be reprocessed/re-explored to produce more valuable information. For example, information on goods with the highest sales. In addition, information can be utilized in connection with the addition of the stock of these items. In addition, transaction data can be utilized regarding the relationship of each item purchased in the customer's basket. We can use that information for an effective product display/range to attract customer interest. A common application used to analyze customer shopping cart transaction data is market basket analysis.

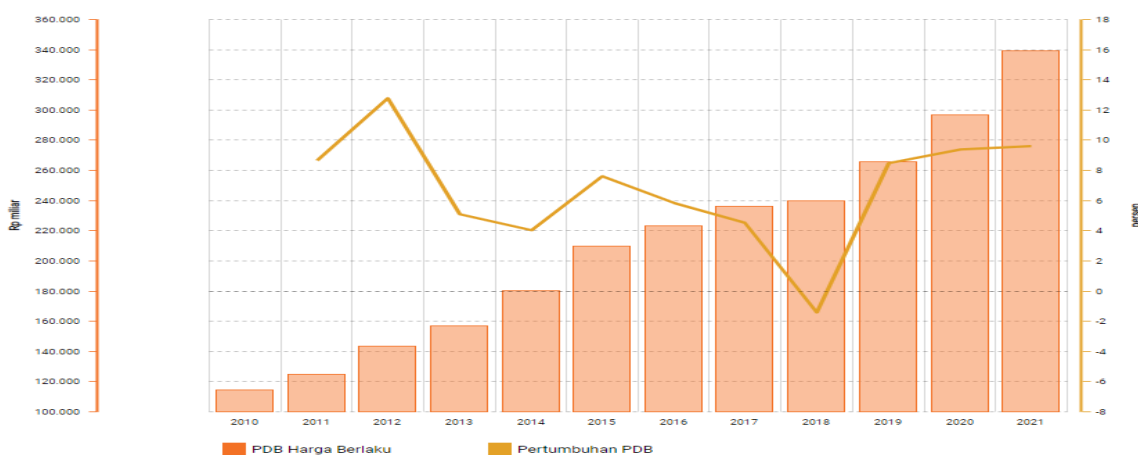


Figure 1. GDP of the Chemical, Pharmaceutical and Traditional Medicine Industries (2010-2021)

The high competition in the pharmaceutical business in Indonesia has also resulted in pharmaceutical entrepreneurs looking for the right marketing strategy to increase sales (Sayyid, 2020). One of them, PT XYZ, is a well-known pharmaceutical company in Indonesia. This pharmaceutical company only sells traditional medicines.

Products based on patterns of consumer spending habits are association rules (Alamsyah et al., 2021). Association rules (AR) is the process of finding patterns, correlations, associations, or causal structures that often occur from a set of data found in various types of databases such as relational data, transactional data and other forms of data storage (Dhanalakshmi & Sankari, 2014). The association rules method first came from marketing and is increasingly used in other fields, such as bioinformatics, nuclear science, pharmacoepidemiology, and geophysics (Alfiqra & Alfizi, 2018). One application of the association rules method is Market basket analysis. Market Basket Analysis (MBA) is an application of association rules (AR) often used to analyze consumer buying patterns. Therefore, this method is often called association rules–market basket analysis (ARMBA) (Kurniawan et al., 2018). The main objective of market basket analysis is to identify relationships in a set of products, items or categories (Qoniah & Priandika, 2020). The main objective of market basket analysis in marketing strategy is to increase sales by understanding customer buying patterns (Umar et al., 2022). By analyzing transaction data and finding associations between products purchased, businesses can identify products that are likely to be sold together and then strategically place those products near one another in a physical store or on a website. In this way, businesses can increase sales by tempting customers to buy more products while shopping. In addition, market basket

analysis can also help businesses develop effective promotional or discount programs to increase sales of less popular products (Kaur & Kang, 2016).

In this study, the authors will use transaction data from a pharmaceutical company in Indonesia from July 2022 to December 2022 in the JABODETABEK area. To conduct experiments using the market basket analysis method using the a priori algorithm. The Apriori algorithm is a type of association rule in data mining. The Apriori algorithm is often used in shopping cart analysis to determine which items consumers frequently purchase simultaneously (Ariana & Asana, 2013). This research is expected to help companies obtain consumer transaction data information. It is expected to assist in making decisions regarding marketing and product sales strategies, especially products from pharmaceutical companies.

Based on the background described above, companies need the right marketing strategy to determine the right product marketing strategy following customer shopping habits with the assumption of variability.

Due to the large amount of transaction data, companies need help analyzing customer shopping behavior. The data used to analyze changes in patterns of consumer spending habits in this study are company transaction data for six months in the JABODETABEK area. So that the process of finding patterns and knowledge from large and complex data is needed, which is called data mining. The data mining technique used is association rules, using algorithms included in the association rules, namely the Apriori, FP-GROWTH, and ECLAT algorithms. So this study presents the results of association rules (rules) for six months of consumer shopping transactions. And then, the results of the association rules (rules) in each period are analyzed using the most widely accepted Association Rules Evaluation Index Indicator, namely Support and Confidence.

Meanwhile, Lift, Validity, Conviction, Influence, and other indicators have gradually been applied in various studies related to association rules. However, with the growth in the amount of data and large data types, these indicators need help. One solution is to improve the association rule evaluation method with Bi-Support, Bi-Confidence and Bi-Lift.

Overall Variability of Association rules (OVAR) is one of the metrics used to assess the quality of an association rule (Werdiningsih et al., 2020). OVAR measures the degree of variability of the support and confidence of an association rule. The lower the OVAR value, the more stable the association rules are and the better they predict customer behavior.

Based on the background above, the objective of this research is to determine and analyze the performance evaluation of association rules in PT Algorithm Apriori and FP-Growth: basketball market analysis to discover item combination rules. This analysis is expected to generate strategies for marketing new products, proper marketing implementation, and appropriate logistics and inventory management so that the company can benefit from this research.

METHODS

This research uses CRISP-DM (Cross et al. for Data Mining) research.

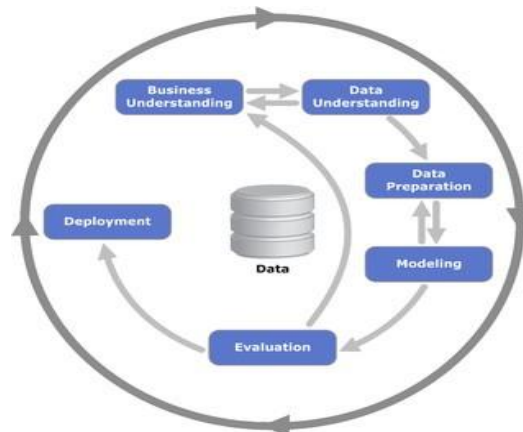
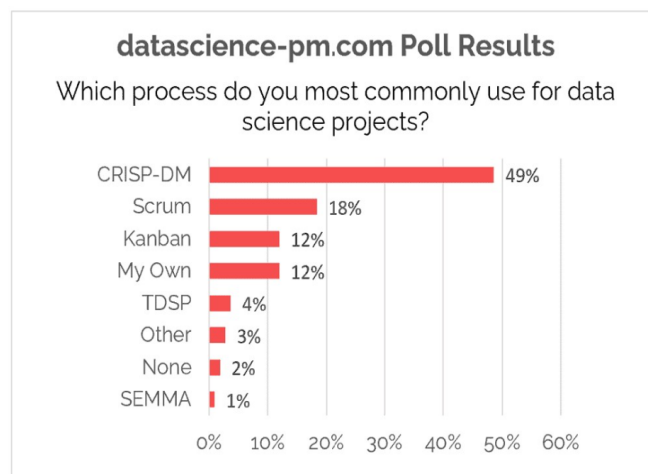


Figure 1. CRISP-DM Diagram

CRISP-DM is not the only standard in data mining but is currently the most popular (Muhammad, 2019). Based on the results of data science-pm polling in the period August-September 2020. CRISP-DM is used 2 to 3 times more than the top 4 widely used standards.



Sumber: <https://www.datascience-pm.com/crisp-dm-2>

Figure 9. Poll Results

Stages of the CRISP-DM method

1. Business Understanding Phase: The initial stage in the CRISP-DM methodology is centered on comprehending the business goals or research objectives to be achieved. In this phase, we aim to gain a thorough understanding of the business aspects that underlie this project.
2. Data Understanding Phase: The Data Understanding phase in the CRISP-DM methodology is dedicated to delving deeper into the understanding of the data that will be the focus of the research. We endeavor to unearth insights and information from the dataset that will be used in this project.
3. Data Preparation Phase: This phase involves a series of meticulous data processing steps before we embark on further analysis. We make efforts to ensure that the data to be used is properly prepared for use.
4. Modeling Phase: In this phase, we apply the chosen analytical methods to achieve our research objectives. We employ this approach to uncover relationships and patterns within the data.

5. Evaluation Phase: The primary focus of the Evaluation phase in the CRISP-DM methodology is to assess the outcomes of the modeling and market basket analysis conducted using association rules. We evaluate the extent to which these results align with the predetermined business or research objectives.

In applying the CRISP-DM Methodology, the data mining process with the association rules technique is carried out in a non-paid version of the cloud environment from the Google company, namely Google Collab. Collab allows users to build, run, and share Python code online and provides free access to computing resources such as CPU, GPU, and TPU.

The association rules process is a technique in data mining used to discover relationships or associations between items in a dataset. In this process, there are three main parameters used to control the quality of the generated association rules, namely min support, min confidence, and min lift.

1. Min Support (Support Threshold): Min support is the minimum threshold value for the frequency of occurrence of an association in the dataset. If an association does not meet the specified min support value, it is considered insignificant and will not be included in the final results. The min support value is used to eliminate associations that occur infrequently.
2. Min Confidence (Confidence Threshold): Min confidence is the minimum threshold value for the probability that an association truly occurs. Confidence value measures the extent to which we can trust that an association will occur based on the available data. Associations with confidence values below the min confidence threshold are disregarded.
3. Min Lift (Lift Threshold): Min lift is the minimum threshold value used to determine whether an association is a significant relationship or just a coincidence. Lift measures how much the probability of an association occurring differs from the probability of both items occurring independently. Associations with lift values below the min lift threshold are considered insignificant.

By using these three parameters, the association rules process can generate more relevant and meaningful association rules in the dataset, helping data analysts identify important patterns and potentially providing valuable insights for decision-making.

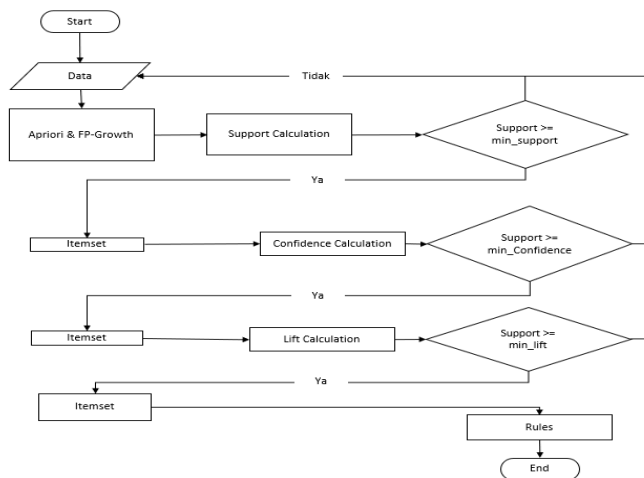


Figure 17. Implementation Apriori & FP-GROWTH flow

Evaluation Metrics of Association Rules

In association analysis, there are several important metrics:

1. Support: This measures the extent to which an itemset or association rule appears in the data. The higher the support, the more frequently the itemset or rule occurs. The formula is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} Supp(A \rightarrow B) &= Supp(A \cup B) \\ &= P(AB) = N(AB)/|D| \end{aligned}$$

2. Confidence: Confidence measures how reliable or probable an association rule is. It looks at how often item B appears together with item A in transactions. The formula is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} Conf(A \rightarrow B) &= P(B|A) \\ &= P(AB)/P(A) \\ &= Sup(A \cup B)/Sup(A) \end{aligned}$$

3. Lift: Lift measures whether an association rule is better than random chance. Values above 1 indicate a useful relationship, while values below 1 suggest a less significant one. The formula is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} Lift(A \rightarrow B) &= Conf(A \rightarrow B)/P(B) \\ &= P(AB)/P(A)P(B) \end{aligned}$$

4. Bi-Support: If both rule $A \rightarrow B$ and rule $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$ are strong, then the rule $A \rightarrow B$ would be very strong. Thus, we should look for strong evidence to prove these rules are interesting. So the Support conditions (Bi-support) of the Bi-directional measure framework.

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad &Supp(A \rightarrow B) \geq \min supp.; \\ (2) \quad &Supp(\neg A \rightarrow \neg B) \geq \min supp. \end{aligned}$$

5. Bi-confidence: Confidence typically signifies that when certain itemsets occur, they may lead to the occurrence of other itemsets. However, we've observed that the Confidence metric in association rules primarily focuses on the probability of "B" occurring when "A" occurs but doesn't adequately account for the relationship between "A" and "B" when "A" doesn't occur. This limitation renders many mined association rules invalid. To address the shortcomings of association rules, it's apparent that Confidence alone doesn't provide a complete depiction and doesn't fully capture the degree of correlation between itemsets. Therefore, we propose the concept of "Bi-confidence." The Bi-Confidence formula is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} Bi - conf(A \rightarrow B) &= conf(A \rightarrow B) - conf(\bar{A} \rightarrow B) \\ &= \frac{P(AB) - P(A)P(B)}{P(A) \times [1 - P(A)]} \end{aligned}$$

6. Bi-lift: Related research shows that the Lift method helps produce good evaluation results. However, it is obvious that Lift puts A and B in equivalent positions, which shows rule $A \rightarrow B$ is equivalent to $B \rightarrow A$. If we accept rule $A \rightarrow B$, we should also accept rule $B \rightarrow A$. However, sometimes it is not true. For this problem, the paper proposes a Bi-lift measurement method. Since there is a need to study the relationship of $A \rightarrow B$ when you want to evaluate the relationship of $(A \rightarrow B)$ by Lift $(A \rightarrow B)$, we introduce Lift $(A \rightarrow B)$ to adjust Lift $(A \rightarrow B)$. The higher Lift $(A \rightarrow B)$ is, the better the rule $A \rightarrow B$ is; conversely, the higher Lift $(A \rightarrow B)$ is, the worse the rule $A \rightarrow B$ is. Therefore, we propose a Bi-lift measurement method, taking Lift $(A \rightarrow B)$ as the

denominator and Lift (A → B) as the numerator to form the ratio of Lift (A → B) to Lift (A → B). The Bi-lift formula is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 Bi - lift(A \rightarrow B) &= \frac{Lift(A \rightarrow B)}{Lift(\overline{A} \rightarrow B)} \\
 &= \frac{P(AB)/P(A)P(B)}{P(\overline{A}B)/P(\overline{A})P(B)} = \frac{P(AB)P(\overline{A})}{P(\overline{A}B)P(A)}
 \end{aligned}$$

All of these metrics are used to identify significant relationships in the data and support business decision-making.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The dataset used in this study consists of 100,497 transactions with 126 items that occurred within 155 days. This data is a sales transaction dataset from PT. XYZ, which is a pharmaceutical company in Indonesia. For the discussion, the research results are divided into two, namely, the evaluation of the association rules algorithm and the results of the association rules in the form of combination rules between items that will be used following the objectives of this study.

Algorithm Evaluation Results

In this research, the sales data analysis of PT. XYZ for July 2022 to December 2022 uses two association rules mining algorithms, Apriori and FP-GROWTH. The following is a table of the results of the processes carried out by the researchers on the dataset, as described in Table 8. Dataset information. by using the Python programming language on Google Colab.

Table 7. Comparison of Apriori and FP-GROWTH Algorithms

Criteria	A priori		FP-GROWTH	
	Traditional Measure	New measure (Bi)	Traditional Measure	New measure (Bi)
The amount of data obtained	432,355 lines		432,355 Lines	
The amount of data processed	100,497 transactions		100,497 transactions	
The execution time of the entire process	48,293 seconds	168,488 seconds	81,623 seconds	84,655 seconds
Overall process execution memory usage	peak memory: 419.48 MiB, increments: 0.01 MiB	peak memory: 482.32 MiB, increments: 0.21 MiB	peak memory: 2388.11 MiB, increments: 0.01 MiB	peak memory: 2393.77 MiB, increments: 0.76 MiB
Execution Time is just an algorithm process	1,032 seconds	133,576 seconds	1.555 seconds	2,645 seconds
Algorithm process execution memory usage	peak memory: 376.72 MiB, increments: 0.00 MiB	peak memory: 441.72 MiB, increments: 0.03 MiB	peak memory: 2451.02 MiB, increments: 0.00 MiB	peak memory: 2724.30 MiB, increments: 0.00 MiB
The total amount generated from min Support=0.075, min Confidence=0.25, min lift=1	45 Rules		45 Rules	

Criteria	A priori		FP-GROWTH	
	Traditional Measure	New measure (Bi)	Traditional Measure	New measure (Bi)
The total amount generated from min Bi-Support = 0.075, min Bi-Confidence = 0.25, and min Bi-lift = 1	0	29 Rules	0	29 Rules
minimum combination		1		1
maximum combination		2		2
Effectiveness	The Apriori algorithm generates all possible item sets. Then it scans the database to calculate the support for each item set.		The FP-GROWTH algorithm takes a different approach by building a compact FP-Tree tree structure from a dataset. This avoids explicitly generating candidate itemsets.	
Practical	The Apriori algorithm is easy to understand and implement. The concept is simple and intuitive. Generates all association rules that meet the specified support and confidence limits.		The FP-GROWTH algorithm requires a deeper understanding and a more complicated implementation than Apriori. Requires FP-Tree data structures and complex tree crawling processes.	

Moreover, after applying the Apriori and FP-GROWTH algorithms. Then do the Overall Variability of Association rules (OVAR). Moreover, where OVAR stands for "Overall Variability of Association Rules." It is a statistical measure used in data mining and association rule analysis to quantify the overall variation or dispersion of support values among discovered association patterns. It helps assess how much the support values of different association patterns deviate from their average support value, M_i . OVAR is used to gauge the level of variation or heterogeneity within the dataset with respect to association patterns. OVAR formula is as follows:

$$OVAR = (1/N) * \sum_{i=1, N} (\sum_{j=1, K} ((X_{ij} - M_i)^2))$$

Where :

N = the number of associatiob patterns discovered by the algorithm

K = the number of itemsets present in the dataset

X_{ij} = the support of association pattern I and itemset j

M_i = the average support of all association patterns.

The following is a table of results from the OVAR based on OVAR Formula.

Table 8. Overall Variability of Association Rules (OVAR)

Variables	A priori	FP-GROWTH
N	45	45
K	126	126
M_i	0.102111	0.102103
X_{ij}	Value Support 1-45	Value Support 1-45
OVER	0.000598837	0.000598321

Table 9. Overall Variability of Association Rules (OVAR) Bi

Variables	A priori: Bi-Support	FP-GROWTH: Bi-Support
N	29	29
K	126	126
Mi	0.179472	0.179457
Xij	Support Value 1-29	Support Value 1-29
OVER	0.020236498	0.020233159

Moreover, the following are some explanations of the evaluation results of the two algorithms:

1. The amount of data processed for the three algorithms is 100,497 transactions, with 126 items in the dataset.
2. If implementing these association rules uses a different measure, namely Bi-support, Bi-confidence, and Bi-lift. According to all criteria, Apriori is the better time and memory usage algorithm.
3. FP-GROWTH has a faster overall execution time compared to Apriori. FP-GROWTH takes 84,655 seconds, while Apriori takes 168,488 seconds, almost half of Apriori's processing time. What is interesting here is that if the execution time is only for implementing the algorithm without considering the initial load and pre-processing processes, FP-GROWTH has a very short execution time of 2,645 seconds, while a priori requires 133,576 seconds.
4. Apriori has almost five times lower memory usage compared to FP-GROWTH. The peak memory usage for Apriori is 482.32 MiB, while for FP-GROWTH, it is 2393.77 MiB.
5. Both methods generate the same number of rules for both criteria.
6. In terms of effectiveness, FP-GROWTH is faster in execution because it reduces the number of database scans and candidate generation.
7. Regarding practicality, Apriori has the advantage of being easy to understand and implement. At the same time, FP-GROWTH is more complicated but more efficient in large datasets.

In addition, OVAR (Overall Variability of Association rules) calculations are also carried out with the Mi value calculated from the support value. The OVAR calculation results show a value of 0.000598837 for Apriori and 0.000598321 for FP-GROWTH. Meanwhile, OVAR based on Bi-Support shows a value of 0.020236498 for Apriori and 0.020233159 for FP-GROWTH.

The results of the rules for each Apriori and FP-GROWTH algorithm

To analyze these results, we can look at some of the metrics used by the algorithm: support, confidence, and lift.

1. Support measures how often an itemset appears in the dataset
2. Confidence measures how often the resulting itemsets appear together
3. Lift measures the dependency between the resulting itemsets
4. Bi-Support measures how often itemset A and itemset B occur together with other itemsets in the dataset. Bi-Support considers the relationship between rules $A \rightarrow B$ and rules $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$ and calculates the minimum value of their support.
5. Bi-Confidence measures how often rules $A \rightarrow B$ and rules $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$ occur together with other rules in the dataset. Bi-Confidence considers the relationship between the rules $A \rightarrow B$ and the rules $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$ and calculate the minimum value of the confidence of both.
6. Bi-Lift measures the strength of the relationship between rules $A \rightarrow B$ and rules $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$ by

considering the relationship between the itemsets involved. Bi-Lift compares the dependency between the $A \rightarrow B$ rule and the $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$ rule by considering the other itemsets in the dataset.

Using the above metrics, we can understand how often the itemsets and association rules appear in the dataset, how strong the relationship between the itemsets and the rules is, and how much influence there is between the $A \rightarrow B$ rules and $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$ rules in the dataset. In analyzing these results, we can compare the values of support, confidence, lift, Bi-support, Bi-confidence, and Bi-lift to understand better the relationship between the itemsets and the association rules in the dataset used. The results of each algorithm will display the top 15 from each Support, Confidence, Lift, Bi-Support, Bi-Confidence, and Bi-Lift in each Apriori and FP-GROWTH algorithm.

Results of Apriori Algorithm Rules

The following is a table of results from implementing the a priori algorithm from top to bottom based on the Support value.

Table 11. Results of Apriori Rules: Rules based on top confidence

antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	~Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1822	0.6438	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4708	6.0854
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1822	0.5949	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4497	6.5737
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.6308	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.4206	5.6075
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.4523	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.3383	6.3255
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1360	0.6179	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3997	2.4520
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1360	0.4441	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3229	5.2734
MUSCLE BALM 10	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1206	0.6034	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4646	3.8435
MUSCLE BALM 20	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1206	0.5207	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4175	5.1996
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1181	0.5098	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2718	2.3418
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1181	0.3923	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2299	3.2389
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1140	0.5181	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.3015	3.4542
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1140	0.4029	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.2551	3.1530
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1097	0.3876	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1208	4.2884
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1097	0.3644	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1165	4.2816
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1091	0.3624	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0804	2.6053
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1091	0.3562	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0796	3.6793
MUSCLE BALM 10	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1050	0.5254	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2804	2.5473
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1050	0.3489	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2132	3.7167
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0960	0.4449	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2720	3.2586
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0960	0.4146	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2586	4.8991
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.8222	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.5824	3.4965

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antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0937	0.6894	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.4704	4.7302
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.5146	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3602	2.8936
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.4260	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3127	3.0536
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.3062	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.2770	3.5603
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.3313	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.2724	3.0178
BASLEM 20	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0923	0.6243	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.4608	3.3855
MUSCLE BALM 20	BASLEM 20	0.0923	0.3983	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.3261	2.7565
BASLEM 10	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0904	0.6337	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.5059	3.1486
MUSCLE BALM 10	BASLEM 10	0.0904	0.4522	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.3869	3.9226
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0830	0.3772	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0977	2.5528
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0830	0.2757	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0797	2.9077
SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0823	0.7549	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.5297	3.7072
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.7507	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.4993	2.6581
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2910	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.2537	3.8372
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	0.0823	0.2689	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.2295	2.8314
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0823	0.4520	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1847	2.8483
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2736	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1308	2.7171
MUSCLE BALM 10	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0809	0.4046	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2360	2.4704
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0809	0.3748	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2230	2.3823
BASLEM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0797	0.5395	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.2799	3.1766
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 20	0.0797	0.2649	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.1675	2.3051
BASLEM 10	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0781	0.5470	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.2870	2.5913
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 10	0.0781	0.2593	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.1669	2.2829
MUSCLE BALM 20	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0758	0.3274	1.0692	0.2316	0.6938	0.0276	2.9954

Then the following is a table of results from applying the Apriori algorithm for the top to lowest rules based on the lift value.

Table 12. Results of Apriori Rules: rules based on the top lift

antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
BASLEM 10	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0904	0.6337	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.5059	6.0854
MUSCLE BALM 10	BASLEM 10	0.0904	0.4522	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.3869	6.5737
BASLEM 20	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0923	0.6243	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.4608	5.6075

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antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
MUSCLE BALM 20	BASLEM 20	0.0923	0.3983	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.3261	6.3255
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.8222	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.5824	2.4520
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.3062	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.2770	5.2734
SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0823	0.7549	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.5297	3.8435
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2910	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.2537	5.1996
MUSCLE BALM 10	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1206	0.6034	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4646	2.3418
MUSCLE BALM 20	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1206	0.5207	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4175	3.2389
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.7507	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.4993	3.4542
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	0.0823	0.2689	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.2295	3.1530
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0937	0.6894	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.4704	4.2884
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.3313	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.2724	4.2816
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.5146	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3602	2.6053
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.4260	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3127	3.6793
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1822	0.6438	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4708	2.5473
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1822	0.5949	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4497	3.7167
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.6308	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.4206	3.2586
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.4523	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.3383	4.8991
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1360	0.6179	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3997	3.4965
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1360	0.4441	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3229	4.7302
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0960	0.4449	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2720	2.8936
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0960	0.4146	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2586	3.0536
MUSCLE BALM 10	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0809	0.4046	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2360	3.5603
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0809	0.3748	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2230	3.0178
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1140	0.5181	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.3015	3.3855
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1140	0.4029	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.2551	2.7565
BASLEM 10	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0781	0.5470	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.2870	3.1486
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 10	0.0781	0.2593	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.1669	3.9226
BASLEM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0797	0.5395	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.2799	2.5528
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 20	0.0797	0.2649	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.1675	2.9077

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antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
MUSCLE BALM 10	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1050	0.5254	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2804	3.7072
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1050	0.3489	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2132	2.6581
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1181	0.5098	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2718	3.8372
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1181	0.3923	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2299	2.8314
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0823	0.4520	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1847	2.8483
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2736	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1308	2.7171
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1097	0.3876	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1208	2.4704
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1097	0.3644	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1165	2.3823
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0830	0.3772	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0977	3.1766
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0830	0.2757	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0797	2.3051
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1091	0.3624	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0804	2.5913
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1091	0.3562	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0796	2.2829
MUSCLE BALM 20	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0758	0.3274	1.0692	0.2316	0.6938	0.0276	2.9954

The results of the FP-GROWTH Algorithm rules

The following is a table of results from implementing the FP-GROWTH algorithm for the top to lowest rules based on the Support value.

Table 13. FP-GROWTH Results: Rules based on the Support value

antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1822	0.6438	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4708	6.0854
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1822	0.5949	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4497	6.5737
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.6308	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.4206	5.6075
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.4523	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.3383	6.3255
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1360	0.6179	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3997	2.4520
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1360	0.4441	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3229	5.2734
MUSCLE BALM 10	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1206	0.6034	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4646	3.8435
MUSCLE BALM 20	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1206	0.5207	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4175	5.1996
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1181	0.5098	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2718	2.3418
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1181	0.3923	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2299	3.2389
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1140	0.5181	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.3015	3.4542
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1140	0.4029	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.2551	3.1530
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1097	0.3876	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1208	4.2884
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1097	0.3644	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1165	4.2816

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antecedents			consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
SRH 30	MASSAGE	RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1091	0.3624	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0804	2.6053
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1091	0.3562	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0796	3.6793
MUSCLE BALM 10			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1050	0.5254	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2804	2.5473
SRH 30	MASSAGE	RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1050	0.3489	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2132	3.7167
SRH 60	MASSAGE	RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0960	0.4449	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2720	3.2586
MUSCLE BALM 20			SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0960	0.4146	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2586	4.8991
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60			EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.8222	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.5824	3.4965
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30			EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0937	0.6894	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.4704	4.7302
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30			EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.5146	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3602	2.8936
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60			WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.4260	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3127	3.0536
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30			WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.3062	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.2770	3.5603
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15			WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.3313	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.2724	3.0178
BASLEM 20			MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0923	0.6243	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.4608	3.3855
MUSCLE BALM 20			BASLEM 20	0.0923	0.3983	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.3261	2.7565
BASLEM 10			MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0904	0.6337	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.5059	3.1486
MUSCLE BALM 10			BASLEM 10	0.0904	0.4522	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.3869	3.9226
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0830	0.3772	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0977	2.5528
SRH 30	MASSAGE	RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0830	0.2757	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0797	2.9077
SRH 30	RUBBING OIL,	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0823	0.7549	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.5297	3.7072
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL			EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.7507	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.4993	2.6581
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15			SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2910	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.2537	3.8372
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30			WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	0.0823	0.2689	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.2295	2.8314
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0823	0.4520	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1847	2.8483
SRH 30	MASSAGE	RUBING OIL	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2736	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1308	2.7171
MUSCLE BALM 10			SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0809	0.4046	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2360	2.4704
SRH 60	MASSAGE	RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0809	0.3748	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2230	2.3823
BASLEM 20			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0797	0.5395	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.2799	3.1766
SRH 30	MASSAGE	RUBING OIL	BASLEM 20	0.0797	0.2649	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.1675	2.3051
BASLEM 10			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0781	0.5470	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.2870	2.5913

antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 10	0.0781	0.2593	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.1669	2.2829
MUSCLE BALM 20	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0758	0.3274	1.0692	0.2316	0.6938	0.0276	2.9954

Then the following is a table of results from implementing the FP-GROWTH algorithm for the top to lowest rules based on the Confidence value.

Table 14. FP-Grworth Results: Rules based on Confidence values

antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.8222	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.5824	6.0854
SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0823	0.7549	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.5297	6.5737
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.7507	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.4993	5.6075
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0937	0.6894	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.4704	6.3255
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1822	0.6438	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4708	2.4520
BASLEM 10	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0904	0.6337	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.5059	5.2734
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.6308	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.4206	3.8435
BASLEM 20	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0923	0.6243	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.4608	5.1996
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1360	0.6179	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3997	2.3418
MUSCLE BALM 10	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1206	0.6034	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4646	3.2389
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1822	0.5949	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4497	3.4542
BASLEM 10	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0781	0.5470	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.2870	3.1530
BASLEM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0797	0.5395	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.2799	4.2884
MUSCLE BALM 10	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1050	0.5254	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2804	4.2816
MUSCLE BALM 20	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1206	0.5207	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4175	2.6053
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1140	0.5181	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.3015	3.6793
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.5146	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3602	2.5473
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1181	0.5098	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2718	3.7167
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.4523	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.3383	3.2586
MUSCLE BALM 10	BASLEM 10	0.0904	0.4522	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.3869	4.8991
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0823	0.4520	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1847	3.4965
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0960	0.4449	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2720	4.7302
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1360	0.4441	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3229	2.8936
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.4260	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3127	3.0536
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0960	0.4146	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2586	3.5603

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antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
MUSCLE BALM 10	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0809	0.4046	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2360	3.0178
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1140	0.4029	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.2551	3.3855
MUSCLE BALM 20	BASLEM 20	0.0923	0.3983	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.3261	2.7565
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1181	0.3923	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2299	3.1486
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1097	0.3876	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1208	3.9226
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0830	0.3772	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0977	2.5528
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0809	0.3748	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2230	2.9077
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1097	0.3644	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1165	3.7072
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1091	0.3624	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0804	2.6581
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1091	0.3562	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0796	3.8372
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1050	0.3489	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2132	2.8314
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.3313	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.2724	2.8483
MUSCLE BALM 20	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0758	0.3274	1.0692	0.2316	0.6938	0.0276	2.7171
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.3062	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.2770	2.4704
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2910	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.2537	2.3823
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0830	0.2757	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0797	3.1766
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2736	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1308	2.3051
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	0.0823	0.2689	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.2295	2.5913
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 20	0.0797	0.2649	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.1675	2.2829
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 10	0.0781	0.2593	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.1669	2.9954

Then the following is a table of results from implementing the FP-GROWTH algorithm for the top 15 rules based on the lift value.

Table 15. FP-Grworth Results: Rules based on Lift values

antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
BASLEM 10	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0904	0.6337	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.5059	6.0854
MUSCLE BALM 10	BASLEM 10	0.0904	0.4522	3.1696	0.1427	0.8001	0.3869	6.5737
BASLEM 20	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0923	0.6243	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.4608	5.6075
MUSCLE BALM 20	BASLEM 20	0.0923	0.3983	2.6954	0.1478	0.7684	0.3261	6.3255
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.8222	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.5824	2.4520
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.3062	2.6853	0.1140	0.6938	0.2770	5.2734
SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0823	0.7549	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.5297	3.8435

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antecedents	consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	SRH 30 RUBBING OIL, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2910	2.6679	0.1091	0.7170	0.2537	5.1996
MUSCLE BALM 10	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1206	0.6034	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4646	2.3418
MUSCLE BALM 20	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1206	0.5207	2.6048	0.1999	0.7684	0.4175	3.2389
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.7507	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.4993	3.4542
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, SRH 30 RUBBING OIL	0.0823	0.2689	2.4518	0.1097	0.6938	0.2295	3.1530
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.0937	0.6894	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.4704	4.2884
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 60, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.3313	2.4365	0.1360	0.7170	0.2724	4.2816
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0937	0.5146	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3602	2.6053
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0937	0.4260	2.3387	0.1822	0.7799	0.3127	3.6793
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1822	0.6438	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4708	2.5473
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1822	0.5949	2.1026	0.2830	0.6938	0.4497	3.7167
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.6308	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.4206	3.2586
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1361	0.4523	2.0958	0.2158	0.6990	0.3383	4.8991
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1360	0.6179	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3997	3.4965
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1360	0.4441	2.0182	0.2200	0.6938	0.3229	4.7302
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.0960	0.4449	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2720	2.8936
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0960	0.4146	1.9209	0.2158	0.7684	0.2586	3.0536
MUSCLE BALM 10	SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0809	0.4046	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2360	3.5603
SRH 60 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.0809	0.3748	1.8748	0.1999	0.7842	0.2230	3.0178
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1140	0.5181	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.3015	3.3855
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.1140	0.4029	1.8312	0.2200	0.7170	0.2551	2.7565
BASLEM 10	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0781	0.5470	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.2870	3.1486
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 10	0.0781	0.2593	1.8174	0.1427	0.6990	0.1669	3.9226
BASLEM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0797	0.5395	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.2799	2.5528
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	BASLEM 20	0.0797	0.2649	1.7924	0.1478	0.6990	0.1675	2.9077
MUSCLE BALM 10	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1050	0.5254	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2804	3.7072
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 10	0.1050	0.3489	1.7454	0.1999	0.6990	0.2132	2.6581
MUSCLE BALM 20	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1181	0.5098	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2718	3.8372
SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	MUSCLE BALM 20	0.1181	0.3923	1.6938	0.2316	0.6990	0.2299	2.8314
WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0823	0.4520	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1847	2.8483

antecedents			consequences	Supp	Conf	Elevator	Bi-Support	-Bi-Supp	Bi-Confidence	Bi-Lift
SRH 30 RUBING OIL	MASSAGE		WHITEWOOD OIL CAP X 15, EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0823	0.2736	1.5017	0.1822	0.6990	0.1308	2.7171
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1097	0.3876	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1208	2.4704
SRH 30 RUBING OIL	MASSAGE		EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 15	0.1097	0.3644	1.2879	0.2830	0.6990	0.1165	2.3823
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.0830	0.3772	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0977	3.1766
SRH 30 RUBING OIL	MASSAGE		EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 60	0.0830	0.2757	1.2531	0.2200	0.6990	0.0797	2.3051
SRH 30 RUBING OIL	MASSAGE		EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.1091	0.3624	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0804	2.5913
EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30			SRH 30 MASSAGE RUBING OIL	0.1091	0.3562	1.1836	0.3010	0.6938	0.0796	2.2829
MUSCLE BALM 20			EUCALYPTUS OIL CAP X 30	0.0758	0.3274	1.0692	0.2316	0.6938	0.0276	2.9954

Analysis of the results of the rules

From the results of the existing rules, several things can be analyzed:

Table 16. Analysis of the results of the rules

Analysis	Results
Some combinations often appear in transactions and have a high level of trust.	Almost half of the top 10 rules confidence is also in the top 10 rules support. For example, the rule "CAP EUCALYPTUS OIL X 15 → CAP EUCALYPTUS OIL X 30" with a support value of 18.22% and a confidence of 64.38%.
There is a correlation between the level of confidence (support) and the increase (lift) of the product.	Half of the top 10 rules confidence also appears in the top 10 rules lift. For example, in the rule "CAP EUCALYPTUS OIL X 15, CAP EUCALYPTUS OIL X 60 → CAP EUCALYPTUS OIL X 30" with a confidence value of 82.22% and a lift of 2.68.
It was found that the relationship between products in terms of lift was also supported by a high confidence level.	Five rules from the top 10 rules lift the top 10 rules confidence.
It was found that although these rules have a significant lift, the frequency of occurrence of the combinations of itemset A and B in the dataset is relatively low.	2 rules from the top 10 rules support are in the top 10 rules lift
The concept analysis of bi-support combines the two rules in two directions to consider the frequency of occurrence of itemset A and B combinations.	There is a difference between the value of support and bi-support, where the value tends to be higher than the value of support.
Conceptual analysis of confidence only considers itemset B's appearance when itemset A occurs, while bi-confidence involves the correlation between itemset A and B.	The difference between the confidence value and the bi-confidence value. The bi-confidence value tends to be lower than the confidence value.
Concept analysis of Bi-lift is to consider the relationship between itemsets A and B regardless of whether itemset A occurs or not.	The difference in the value of the lift with the bi-lift. Bi-lift values tend to be higher than lift values.

Overall, this analysis shows a consistent buying pattern between the products on the list. This template can be used to optimize marketing and sales strategies, such as grouping frequently purchased products together or promoting cross-products to drive higher sales. This can be a reference for stores or sellers to carry out more effective sales strategies, such as placing products often purchased together close to each other in the store.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the analysis of sales data at PT. XYZ from July 2022 to December 2022, using the Apriori and FP-GROWTH association rules mining algorithms on 100,497 transactions, reveals several key findings: 1) Apriori is the preferred choice when additional measures like Bi-support, Bi-confidence, and Bi-Lift are not required, as it outperforms FP-Growth in terms of time and memory efficiency. 2) Apriori is ideal for practicality and memory conservation, offering a straightforward implementation with lower memory usage (approximately 482.32 MiB) compared to FP-GROWTH. 3) FP-GROWTH excels in execution time, being nearly half as fast as Apriori (84,655 seconds compared to 168,488 seconds), even with frequent parameter adjustments. 4) Both Apriori and FP-GROWTH algorithms yield identical results in terms of generated rules, including antecedents, consequents, support, confidence, lift, Bi-support, Bi-confidence, and Bi-lift. 5) The use of Bi-support confirms that support values in both algorithms are equal to or greater than Bi-Support values, validating support measurements. 6) Introducing Bi-support, Bi-Confidence, and Bi-Lift calculations provides deeper insights into itemset relationships within the dataset, enhancing association rule analysis. 7) OVAR calculations yield similar results in both algorithms, with minor discrepancies possibly arising from differences in implementation or calculations. 8) FP-GROWTH is more effective for datasets with a large and diverse number of itemsets, while Apriori excels in ease of implementation for smaller datasets. Algorithm choice should align with dataset characteristics and project requirements. In summary, PT. XYZ's association rules reveal the highest combination value within a seventy-six itemset. Identifying these rules can enhance business efficiency, predict consumer behavior, and boost company profitability. The choice of the appropriate algorithm should be based on the dataset's specifics and project objectives.

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